Representative J. Stuart Adams proposes the following substitute bill:

1	REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY AMENDMENTS
2	2004 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
5	
6	LONG TITLE
7	General Description:
8	This bill modifies provisions of the Redevelopment Agencies Act.
9	Highlighted Provisions:
10	This bill:
11	 modifies the definition of economic development and expands the type of
12	development that can occur in an economic development project;
13	 adds definitions for attached housing and school levy;
14	 modifies the requirements of economic development project plans;
15	 modifies the allocation of tax increment funds as between a school district and
16	housing;
17	 modifies the composition of the taxing entity committee;
18	 eliminates the requirement for taxing entity committee approval of certain project
19	area budgets;
20	 modifies the distribution method of tax increment funds to school districts;
21	 specifies voting members of the taxing entity committee and when certain members
22	may not vote;
23	 modifies quorum requirements for the taxing entity committee;
24	 modifies provisions related to how much tax increment may be paid to an agency
25	and for how long for future project area budgets;



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26	 provides for certain amounts of tax increment to be paid to school districts and
27	housing in future project area budgets;
28	modifies limitations on the use of tax increment;
29	 modifies the allowable uses of tax increment; and
30	 modifies requirements for an annual report that the county auditor is required to
31	prepare.
32	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
33	None
34	Other Special Clauses:
35	This bill provides an effective date.
36	Utah Code Sections Affected:
37	AMENDS:
38	17B-4-102, as last amended by Chapter 256, Laws of Utah 2003
39	17B-4-403, as last amended by Chapter 256, Laws of Utah 2003
40	17B-4-504, as last amended by Chapters 139 and 185, Laws of Utah 2002
41	17B-4-505, as last amended by Chapter 185, Laws of Utah 2002
42	17B-4-507, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
43	17B-4-1001, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
44	17B-4-1002, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
45	17B-4-1004, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
46	17B-4-1005, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
47	17B-4-1007, as last amended by Chapter 205, Laws of Utah 2002
48	17B-4-1010, as last amended by Chapters 185 and 205, Laws of Utah 2002
49	17B-4-1202, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
50	17B-4-1306, as enacted by Chapter 133, Laws of Utah 2001
51	
52	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
53	Section 1. Section 17B-4-102 is amended to read:
54	17B-4-102. Definitions.
55	(1) "Agency" means a separate body corporate and politic, created under Section
56	17B-4-201 or previous law, that is a political subdivision of the state, that is created to

17B-4-203.

57 undertake or promote redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development, or any combination of them, as provided in this chapter, and whose geographic 58 59 boundaries are coterminous with: 60 (a) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and 61 (b) for an agency created by a city or town, the boundaries of the city or town. 62 (2) "Assessment property owner" or "assessment owner of property" means the owner 63 of real property as shown on the assessment roll of the county in which the property is located, 64 equalized as of the previous November 1. 65 (3) "Assessment roll" has the meaning as defined in Section 59-2-102. 66 (4) "Attached housing" means residential housing of 20 or more units per acre of 67 residential housing. 68 [(4)] (5) "Base taxable value" means the taxable value of the property within a project 69 area from which tax increment will be collected, as shown upon the assessment roll last 70 equalized before: 71 (a) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, the effective date of the project area plan; 72 or 73 (b) for a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan: 74 (i) the date of the taxing entity committee's approval of the first project area budget; or 75 (ii) if no taxing entity committee approval is required for the project area budget, the 76 later of: 77 (A) the date the project area plan is adopted by the community legislative body; and 78 (B) the date the agency adopts the first project area budget. 79 [(5)] (6) "Blight" or "blighted" means the condition of an area that meets the 80 requirements of Subsection 17B-4-604(1). 81 [(6)] (7) "Blight hearing" means a public hearing under Subsection 17B-4-601(3) and 82 Section 17B-4-603 regarding the existence or nonexistence of blight within the proposed 83 redevelopment project area. 84 [(7)] (8) "Blight study" means a study to determine the existence or nonexistence of 85 blight within a survey area as provided in Section 17B-4-602. 86 [(8)] (9) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as provided in Section

88	[(9)] (10) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a draft project area budget
89	required under Subsection 17B-4-501(2)(e).
90	[(10)] (11) "Community" means a county, city, or town.
91	[(11)] (12) "Economic development" means to [promote] encourage the expansion of a
92	community's economic base through:
93	(a) the creation or retention of public or private jobs within the state [through]:
94	[(a)] (b) planning, design, development, construction, rehabilitation, business
95	relocation, or any combination of these, within part or all of a project area; and
96	[(b)] (c) the provision of office, industrial, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution,
97	parking, affordable housing, attached housing, housing that is included in a building with other
98	uses, retail, hotel, infrastructure improvements, transit, public, or other facilities, or other
99	improvements that benefit the state or a community.
100	[(12)] (13) "Education housing development" means the provision of high density
101	housing within a project area that is adjacent to a public or private institution of higher
102	education.
103	[(13)] (14) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board,
104	established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund.
105	[(14)] (15) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on a draft project area plan
106	required under Subsection 17B-4-402(1)(e).
107	[(15)] (16) "Post-June 30, 1993 project area plan" means a redevelopment, economic
108	development, or education housing development project area plan adopted on or after July 1,
109	1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
110	[(16)] (17) "Pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan" means a redevelopment project area
111	plan adopted before July 1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to its adoption.
112	$[\frac{(17)}{(18)}]$ "Private," with respect to real property, means:
113	(a) not owned by the United States or any agency of the federal government, a public
114	entity, or any other governmental entity; and
115	(b) not dedicated to public use.
116	[(18)] (19) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan or
117	draft project area plan where the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing
118	development set forth in the project area plan or draft project area plan takes place or is

119	proposed to take place.
120	[(19)] (20) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative
121	revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a redevelopment, economic
122	development, or education housing development project area that includes:
123	(a) the base taxable value of property in the project area;
124	(b) the projected tax increment expected to be generated within the project area;
125	(c) the amount of tax increment expected to be shared with other taxing entities;
126	(d) the amount of tax increment expected to be used to implement the project area plan,
127	including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public
128	improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or other incentives to private
129	and public entities;
130	(e) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project
131	area plan;
132	(f) if the area from which tax increment is to be collected is less than the entire project
133	area, a legal description of the portion of the project area from which tax increment will be
134	collected; and
135	(g) for property that the agency owns and expects to sell, the expected total cost of the
136	property to the agency and the expected selling price.
137	[(20)] (21) "Project area plan" means a written plan under Part 4, Project Area Plan,
138	that, after its effective date, guides and controls the redevelopment, economic development, or
139	education housing development activities within the project area.
140	[(21)] (22) "Property tax" includes privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis
141	on tangible or intangible personal or real property.
142	[(22)] <u>(23)</u> "Public entity" means:
143	(a) the state, including any of its departments or agencies; or
144	(b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district,
145	special district, local district, or interlocal cooperation entity.
146	[(23)] (24) "Public input hearing" means the public hearing required under Subsection
147	17B-4-402(1)(h)(ii) regarding a proposed redevelopment project.
148	[(24)] (25) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of

real property as shown on the records of the recorder of the county in which the property is

150	located and includes a purchaser under a real estate contract if the contract is recorded in the
151	office of the recorder of the county in which the property is located or the purchaser gives
152	written notice of the real estate contract to the agency.
153	[(25)] (26) "Redevelopment" means the development activities under a project area
154	plan within a redevelopment project area, including:
155	(a) planning, design, development, demolition, clearance, construction, rehabilitation,
156	or any combination of these, of part or all of a project area;
157	(b) the provision of residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or
158	spaces, including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to them;
159	(c) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating, or
160	any combination of these, existing structures in a project area;
161	(d) providing open space, including streets and other public grounds and space around
162	buildings;
163	(e) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, and improvements;
164	and
165	(f) providing improvements of public or private recreation areas and other public
166	grounds.
167	(27) "School levy" means the amount of property tax revenue a school district
168	generates within a project area from levies imposed by the school district, except property tax
169	revenue resulting from imposition of the minimum basic tax rate under Section 53A-17a-135.
170	[(26)] <u>(28)</u> "Superfund site":
171	(a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive
172	Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605; and
173	(b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in
174	Subsection [(26)] (28)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on site
175	the waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List.
176	[(27)] (29) "Survey area" means an area designated by a survey area resolution for
177	study to determine whether one or more redevelopment projects within the area are feasible.
178	[(28)] (30) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by the agency board
179	under Subsection 17B-4-401(1)(a) designating a survey area.
180	[(29)] (31) (a) "Tax increment" means, except as provided in Subsection $[(29)]$ (31)(b)

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- (i) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
- (ii) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area using the base taxable value of the property.
- (b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section 59-2-906.1 on or after January 1, 1994 upon the taxable property in the project area unless:
- (i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project area plan was subsequently amended; and
- (ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual obligations of the agency.
- 193 [(30)] (32) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on property within a 194 project area or proposed project area.
- 195 [(31)] (33) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of taxing entities, created as provided in Section 17B-4-1002.
 - Section 2. Section **17B-4-403** is amended to read:

17B-4-403. Project area plan requirements.

- (1) Each project area plan and draft project area plan shall:
- (a) describe the boundaries of the project area;
- (b) contain a general statement of the land uses, layout of principal streets, population densities, and building intensities of the project area and how they will be affected by the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
- (c) state the standards that will guide the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
- (d) show how the purposes of this chapter will be attained by the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
- (e) be consistent with the general plan of the community in which the project area is located and show that the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development will conform to the community's general plan;
- 211 (f) if the agency board made a finding of blight under Subsection 17B-4-601(4)(b):

212 (i) describe how the redevelopment will reduce or eliminate blight in the project area; 213 and 214 (ii) if the agency is to have the power of eminent domain under the project area plan: 215 (A) provide record owners of property located within the redevelopment project area 216 and their tenants reasonable opportunities to participate in the redevelopment if the record 217 property owner or tenant enters into a participation agreement with the agency; 218 (B) state that the agency has adopted or will adopt guidelines setting forth and 219 governing the opportunities of record property owners and tenants to participate in the 220 redevelopment, as required by Subsection 17B-4-402(1)(h)(iv); and 221 (C) include a plan for the relocation of any families and persons who will be 222 temporarily or permanently displaced from housing facilities in the redevelopment project area; 223 (g) if the project area plan is for economic development, describe how the economic 224 development will expand the community's economic base, create additional jobs, or increase the economic opportunities in the community for current and future residents; 225 226 (h) if the project area plan is for education housing development, describe how the 227 education housing development will meet the needs of the community in which the project area 228 is located; 229 (i) describe any specific project or projects that are the object of the proposed 230 redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development; 231 (j) identify how private developers, if any, will be selected to undertake the 232 redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development and identify each 233 private developer currently involved in the redevelopment, economic development, or 234 education housing development process: 235 (k) contain a time limit of no more than three years after adoption of the project area 236 plan for the agency to commence implementation of the project area plan, unless the project 237 area plan is adopted again as if it were an amended project area plan under Section 17B-4-411; 238 (1) if the project area plan authorizes the use of eminent domain, contain a time limit of 239 no more than five years after the effective date of the project area plan for the agency to 240 commence acquisition of property through the use of eminent domain; 241 (m) if the project area plan provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency:

(i) contain a time limit of no more than 25 years for tax increment to be paid to the

243	agency from the project area unless the taxing entity committee consents to a longer period;
244	and
245	(ii) contain a provision that the project area may not exceed 100 acres of private real
246	property unless:
247	(A) the agency obtains the consent of the taxing entity committee; or
248	(B) the project area is a superfund site;
249	(n) state the reasons for the selection of the project area;
250	(o) describe the physical, social, and economic conditions existing in the project area;
251	(p) provide a financial analysis describing the proposed method of financing the
252	proposed redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
253	(q) describe any tax incentives offered private entities for facilities located in the
254	project area;
255	(r) contain the report and state any recommendations of the community's planning
256	commission;
257	(s) include an analysis, as provided in Subsection (2), of whether adoption of the
258	project area plan is:
259	(i) for a redevelopment project area plan, necessary and appropriate to reduce or
260	eliminate blight; or
261	(ii) for an economic development or education housing development project area plan,
262	beneficial under a benefit analysis;
263	(t) if any of the existing buildings or uses in the project area are included in or eligible
264	for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places or the State Register, state that the
265	agency shall comply with Subsection 9-8-404(1) as though the agency were a state agency; and
266	(u) include other information that the agency determines to be necessary or advisable.
267	(2) Each analysis under Subsection (1)(s)(ii) shall consider:
268	(a) the benefit of any financial assistance or other public subsidy proposed to be
269	provided by the agency, including:
270	(i) an evaluation of the reasonableness of the costs of economic development or
271	education housing development;
272	(ii) efforts the agency has made or will make to maximize private investment;
273	(iii) the rationale for use of tax increment, including an analysis of whether the

274	proposed development might reasonably be expected to occur in the foreseeable future solely
275	through private investment; and
276	(iv) an estimate of the total amount of tax increment that will be expended in
277	undertaking economic development or education housing development and the length of time
278	for which it will be expended; and
279	(b) the anticipated public benefit to be derived from the economic development or
280	education housing development, including:
281	(i) the beneficial influences upon the tax base of the community; and
282	(ii) the associated business and economic activity likely to be stimulated[; and].
283	[(iii) in the case of economic development, the number of jobs or employment
284	anticipated to be generated or preserved.]
285	Section 3. Section 17B-4-504 is amended to read:
286	17B-4-504. Part of tax increment funds to be used for housing Waiver of
287	requirement.
288	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and as otherwise approved by the taxing
289	entity committee, each project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for more
290	than \$100,000 of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency shall annually allocate for
291	housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010:
292	(i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
293	not more than six years, 20% of the annual tax increment;
294	(ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
295	more than six but not more than 11 years, 30% of the annual tax increment minus an amount
296	equal to 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy;
297	(iii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
298	for more than 11 but not more than 16 years, 35% of the annual tax increment minus 50% of
299	the tax increment generated from the school levy; and
300	(iv) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
301	for more than 16 but not more than 25 years, 40% of the annual tax increment minus all of the
302	tax increment generated from the school levy.
303	(b) An agency may elect not to allocate any amount of tax increment to housing under
304	Subsection (1)(a) if the amount of tax increment required under Subsection 17B-4-1004(3) to

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305	be paid to a school district equals or exceeds:
306	(i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
307	more than six but not more than 11 years, 30% of the annual tax increment;
308	(ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
309	more than 11 but not more than 16 years, 35% of the annual tax increment; and
310	(iii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
311	for more than 16 but not more than 25 years, 40% of the annual tax increment.
312	[(1)] (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(1)]$ (2)(b), each project area budget
313	adopted on or after May 1, 2000 and before July 1, 2004, that provides for more than \$100,000
314	of annual tax increment to be paid to the agency shall allocate at least 20% of the tax increment
315	for housing as provided in Section 17B-4-1010.
316	(b) The 20% requirement of Subsection [(1)] (2)(a) may be waived:
317	(i) in part or whole by the mutual consent of the loan fund board and the taxing entity
318	committee if they determine that 20% of tax increment is more than is needed to address the
319	community's need for income targeted housing, as defined in Section 17B-4-1010; or
320	(ii) in fifth and sixth class counties, by the taxing entity committee for economic
321	development project area budgets adopted on or after May 1, 2002, if the economic
322	development project area consists of an area without housing units.
323	[(2)] (3) A project area budget [not required under Subsection (1)(a) to allocate] that
324	allocates for housing under this section less than 20% of the total of all tax increment for
325	[housing] all years of the budget combined may allocate up to 20% of the total tax increment
326	[payable to the agency] over the life of the project area for housing as provided in Section
327	17B-4-1010 if the project area budget is under a project area plan that is adopted on or after
328	July 1, 1998.
329	Section 4. Section 17B-4-505 is amended to read:
330	17B-4-505. Consent of taxing entity committee.
331	(1) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection] Subsections (1)(b) and (c) and subject to
332	Subsection (2), each agency shall obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for each
333	project area budget under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan before the agency may collect
334	any tax increment from the project area.
335	(b) For a project area budget adopted from July 1, 1998 through May 1, 2000 that

336	allocates 20% or more of the tax increment for housing as provided in Section 1/B-4-1010, an
337	agency:
338	(i) need not obtain the consent of the taxing entity committee for the project area
339	budget; and
340	(ii) may not collect any tax increment from all or part of the project area until after:
341	(A) the loan fund board has certified the project area budget as complying with the
342	requirements of Section 17B-4-1010; and
343	(B) the agency board has approved and adopted the project area budget by a two-thirds
344	vote.
345	(c) For a project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for tax
346	increment to be paid to the agency for no more than six years, an agency need not obtain the
347	taxing entity committee's consent for the project area budget.
348	(2) (a) Before a taxing entity committee may consent to a project area budget adopted
349	on or after May 1, 2000 that is required under Subsection 17B-4-504[(1)](2)(a) to allocate 20%
350	of tax increment for housing, the agency shall:
351	(i) adopt a housing plan showing the uses for the housing funds; and
352	(ii) provide a copy of the housing plan to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund
353	board.
354	(b) If an agency amends a housing plan prepared under Subsection (2)(a), the agency
355	shall provide a copy of the amendment to the taxing entity committee and the loan fund board.
356	Section 5. Section 17B-4-507 is amended to read:
357	17B-4-507. Amending the project area budget.
358	(1) An agency may by resolution amend a project area budget as provided in this
359	section.
360	(2) To amend an adopted project area budget, the agency shall:
361	(a) advertise and hold one public hearing on the proposed amendment as provided in
362	Subsection (3);
363	(b) obtain the approval of the taxing entity committee if:
364	(i) the agency was required under Section 17B-4-505 to obtain the consent of the
365	taxing entity committee for the project area budget as originally adopted; [and] or
366	(ii) (A) the agency was not required to obtain the consent of the taxing entity

367	committee for the project area budget because of Subsection 17B-4-505(1)(c); and
368	(B) the project area budget, as it is proposed to be amended, provides for tax increment
369	to be paid to the agency for more than five years; and
370	(c) adopt a resolution amending the project area budget.
371	(3) The public hearing required under Subsection (2)(a) shall be conducted according
372	to the procedures and requirements of Sections 17B-4-501 and 17B-4-502, except that if the
373	amended project area budget proposes that the agency be paid a greater proportion of tax
374	increment from a project area than was to be paid under the previous project area budget, the
375	advertisement shall state the percentage paid under the previous project area budget and the
376	percentage proposed under the amended project area budget.
377	(4) If a proposed amendment is not adopted, the agency shall continue to operate under
378	the previously adopted project area budget without the proposed amendment.
379	Section 6. Section 17B-4-1001 is amended to read:
380	17B-4-1001. Agency receipt and use of tax increment Distribution of tax
381	increment.
382	(1) An agency may receive and use tax increment, as provided in this part.
383	(2) (a) The applicable length of time or number of years for which an agency is to be
384	paid tax increment under this part shall be measured:
385	(i) for a pre-July 1, 1993 project area plan, from the first tax year regarding which the
386	agency accepts tax increment from the project area; or
387	(ii) for a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan, from the first tax year the agency is to
388	receive tax increment as shown in the project area budget.
389	(b) Tax increment may not be paid to an agency for a tax year prior to the tax year
390	following the effective date of the project area plan.
391	(3) With the written consent of a taxing entity, an agency may be paid tax increment,
392	from that taxing entity's tax revenues only, in a higher percentage or for a longer period of time,
393	or both, than otherwise authorized under this chapter.
394	(4) Each county that collects property tax on property within a project area shall pay
395	and distribute, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365:
396	(i) to the agency the tax increment that the agency is entitled to collect under this
397	chapter[, in the manner and at the time provided in Section 59-2-1365.]; and

398	(ii) to a school district the tax increment that the school district is entitled to collect
399	under Subsection 17B-4-1004(3).
400	Section 7. Section 17B-4-1002 is amended to read:
401	17B-4-1002. Taxing entity committee.
402	(1) Each agency that adopts or proposes to adopt a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan
403	shall, and any other agency may, cause a taxing entity committee to be created.
404	(2) (a) (i) Each taxing entity committee shall be composed of:
405	(A) two school district representatives appointed as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
406	(B) (I) in counties of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, two representatives
407	appointed by resolution of the legislative body of the county in which the agency is located; or
408	(II) in counties of the first class, two representatives appointed by the county executive
409	of the county in which the agency is located;
410	(C) if the agency was created by a city or town, two representatives appointed by
411	resolution of the legislative body of that city or town;
412	(D) one representative appointed by the State Board of Education; [and]
413	(E) one representative selected by majority vote of the legislative bodies or governing
414	boards of all other taxing entities that levy a tax on property within the agency's boundaries, to
415	represent the interests of those taxing entities on the taxing entity committee[-]; and
416	(F) one representative appointed by the loan fund board.
417	(ii) (A) If the agency boundaries include only one school district, that school district
418	shall appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A).
419	(B) If the agency boundaries include more than one school district, those school
420	districts shall jointly appoint the two school district representatives under Subsection
421	(2)(a)(i)(A).
422	(b) (i) Each taxing entity committee representative under Subsection (2) shall be
423	appointed within 30 days after the agency provides notice of the creation of the taxing entity
424	committee.
425	(ii) If a representative is not appointed within the time required under Subsection
426	(2)(b)(i), the agency board may appoint a person to serve on the taxing entity committee in the
427	place of the missing representative until that representative is appointed.
428	(c) (i) A taxing entity committee representative may be appointed for a set term or

17B-4-1004(3); and

429 period of time, as determined by the appointing authority under Subsection (2)(a)(i). 430 (ii) Each taxing entity committee representative shall serve until a successor is 431 appointed and qualified. 432 (d) (i) Upon the appointment of each representative under Subsection (2)(a)(i), whether 433 an initial appointment or an appointment to replace an already serving representative, the 434 appointing authority shall: 435 (A) notify the agency in writing of the name and address of the newly appointed 436 representative; and 437 (B) provide the agency a copy of the resolution making the appointment or, if the 438 appointment is not made by resolution, other evidence of the appointment. 439 (ii) Each appointing authority of a taxing entity committee representative under 440 Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall notify the agency in writing of any change of address of a 441 representative appointed by that appointing authority. 442 (3) A taxing entity committee represents all taxing entities regarding a project area and 443 may: 444 (a) cast votes that will be binding on all taxing entities; 445 (b) negotiate with the agency concerning a draft project area plan; 446 (c) approve or disapprove a project area budget as provided in Section 17B-4-505; 447 (d) approve or disapprove amendments to a project area budget as provided in Section 448 17B-4-507; 449 (e) approve exceptions to the limits on the value and size of a project area imposed 450 under this chapter; 451 (f) approve exceptions to the percentage of tax increment and the period of time that 452 tax increment is paid to the agency as provided in this part; 453 (g) approve the use of tax increment for access and utilities outside of a project area 454 that the agency and community legislative body determine to be of benefit to the project area, 455 as provided in Subsection 17B-4-1007(1)(a)(ii)(D); 456 (h) waive the restrictions imposed by Subsection 17B-4-503(2)(a); [and] 457 (i) as provided in Subsection (5)(b), approve a different allocation of tax increment as 458 between a school district and housing than is provided for in Subsections 17B-4-504(1)(a) and

160	$\left[\frac{1}{1}\right]$ give other taxing entity committee approval or consent required or allowed
461	under this chapter.
462	(4) (a) Each taxing entity committee member has one vote, except that:
163	(i) the two school district representatives and the State Board of Education
164	representative may not vote on a matter concerning an education housing development project
465	area plan or project area budget if the school district has elected, under Subsection
466	17B-4-1004(7), not to allow the agency to be paid tax increment from property tax revenues
1 67	generated by the school district;
468	(ii) the two school district representatives may not vote on a project area budget if:
169	(A) the project area plan and the project area budget are approved after June 30, 2004;
470	(B) the project area budget provides for the agency to be paid tax increment for over 15
471	years; and
172	(C) (I) the school district is to be paid all of the tax increment generated from the
173	school levy; or
174	(II) the school levy generates more than 40% of all property tax revenues generated
175	within the project area and the school district is to be paid 40% of all tax increment as provided
176	in Subsection 17B-4-1004(3)(b)(iii)(B); and
177	(iii) the loan fund board representative is an advisory member of the committee and
178	may not vote.
179	[(4)] (b) A quorum of a taxing entity committee consists of[:]a majority of voting
480	members of the committee.
481	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b):]
182	[(i) if the project area is located within a city or town, five members; or]
183	[(ii) if the project area is not located within a city or town, four members; or]
184	[(b) for an education housing development project area as to which the school district
485	has elected under Subsection 17B-4-1004(5) not to allow the agency to be paid tax increment
486	from school district tax revenues:
187	[(i) if the project area is located within a city or town, three members; or]
488	[(ii) if the project area is not located within a city or town, two members.]
189	(5) [Taxing] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), taxing entity committee
190	approval, consent, or other action requires the affirmative vote of a majority of a quorum

- present at a taxing entity committee meeting.
 - (b) Taxing entity committee approval of a different distribution of tax increment to a school district than is provided for under Subsection 17B-4-1004(3) and to housing than is provided for under Subsection 17B-4-504(1)(a) requires the affirmative vote of two-thirds of a quorum present at a taxing entity committee meeting.
 - (6) Each taxing entity committee shall be governed by Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings.
 - (7) Each time a school district representative or a representative of the State Board of Education votes as a member of a taxing entity committee to allow an agency to be paid tax increment or to increase the amount or length of time that an agency may be paid tax increment, that representative shall, within 45 days after the vote, provide to the representative's respective school board an explanation in writing of the representative's vote and the reasons for the vote.
 - (8) (a) The assessor of each county in which the agency is located shall provide a written report to the taxing entity committee stating, with respect to property within each project area:
 - (i) the base taxable value, as adjusted by any adjustments under Section 17B-4-1006; and
 - (ii) the assessed value.
 - (b) With respect to the information required under Subsection (8)(a), the assessor shall provide:
 - (i) actual amounts for each year from the adoption of the project area plan to the time of the report; and
 - (ii) estimated amounts for each year beginning the year after the time of the report and ending the time that the agency expects no longer to be paid tax increment from property within the project area.
 - (c) The assessor of the county in which the agency is located shall provide a report under this Subsection (8):
 - (i) at least annually; and
- 520 (ii) upon request of the taxing entity committee, before a taxing entity committee 521 meeting at which the committee will consider whether to allow the agency to be paid tax

522	increment or to increase the amount or length of time that the agency may be paid tax
523	increment.
524	Section 8. Section 17B-4-1004 is amended to read:
525	17B-4-1004. Tax increment under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan.
526	(1) This section applies to tax increment under a post-June 30, 1993 project area plan
527	only.
528	(2) An agency board may provide in the project area budget for the agency to be paid:
529	(a) if the project area budget is adopted before July 1, 2004, and 20% of the project
530	area budget is allocated for housing under Section 17B-4-504:
531	(i) 100% of annual tax increment for 15 years;
532	(ii) 75% of annual tax increment for 24 years; or
533	(iii) if approved by the taxing entity committee, any percentage of tax increment up to
534	100%, or any specified dollar amount, for any period of time; [or]
535	(b) if the project area budget is adopted before July 1, 2004, and 20% of the project
536	area budget is not allocated for housing under Section 17B-4-504:
537	(i) 100% of annual tax increment for 12 years;
538	(ii) 75% of annual tax increment for 20 years; or
539	(iii) if approved by the taxing entity committee, any percentage of tax increment up to
540	100%, or any specified dollar amount, for any period of time[-]; or
541	(c) if the project area budget is adopted after June 30, 2004:
542	(i) (A) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
543	for not more than six years, 100% of annual tax increment;
544	(B) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
545	for more than six but not more than 11 years, 100% of annual tax increment minus an amount
546	equal to 30% of the tax increment generated from the school levy;
547	(C) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
548	for more than 11 but not more than 16 years, 100% of annual tax increment minus an amount
549	equal to 50% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; or
550	(D) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
551	for more than 16 but not more than 25 years:
552	(I) if the school levy generates less than 40% of all property tax revenues generated

333	within the project area, 100% of annual tax increment minus an amount equal to an tax
554	increment generated from the school levy; or
555	(II) if the school levy generates 40% or more of all property tax revenues generated
556	within the project area, 60% of annual tax increment; or
557	(ii) if approved by the taxing entity committee, any percentage of tax increment up to
558	100%, or any specified dollar amount, for any period of time.
559	(3) (a) Tax increment paid to an agency under a project area budget adopted after June
560	30, 2004, may not include tax increment to be paid to a school district under Subsection (3)(b).
561	(b) Under a project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004 that provides for tax
562	increment to be paid to the agency for over five years, each school district in which the project
563	area is located shall be paid:
564	(i) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
565	more than six but not more than 11 years, 30% of the tax increment generated from the school
566	<u>levy:</u>
567	(ii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency for
568	more than 11 but not more than 16 years, 50% of the tax increment generated from the school
569	<u>levy;</u>
570	(iii) for a project area budget that provides for tax increment to be paid to the agency
571	for more than 16 but not more than 25 years:
572	(A) if the school levy generates less than 40% of all property tax revenues generated
573	within the project area, 100% of the tax increment generated from the school levy; or
574	(B) if the school levy generates 40% or more of all property tax revenues generated
575	within the project area, 40% of the total tax increment; or
576	(iv) the amount of tax increment approved by the taxing entity committee under
577	Subsection 17B-4-1002(5)(b).
578	(4) If a project area budget adopted after June 30, 2004, is amended to increase the
579	number of years that tax increment will be paid to the agency, the amended project area budget
580	shall, except as otherwise approved by the taxing entity committee under Subsection
581	17B-4-1002(5)(b):
582	(a) provide that the amount of tax increment to be paid to a school district shall be no
583	less than the amount the project area budget would have provided to be paid to the school

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or before June 30, 2002.

- 584 district if the amended project area budget had been adopted as the original project area budget, 585 unless the school district consents in writing; and 586 (b) provide that the amount of tax increment to be paid to housing shall be no less than 587 the amount the project area budget provided to be paid to housing before the amendment, 588 unless the loan fund board consents in writing. 589 [(3)] (5) (a) An agency may, without the approval of the taxing entity committee, elect 590 to be paid 100% of annual tax increment for each year beyond the periods specified in 591 Subsection (2) to a maximum of 25 years, including the years the agency is paid tax increment 592 under Subsection (2), if: 593 (i) for an agency in a city in which is located all or a portion of an interchange on I-15 594 or that would directly benefit from an interchange on I-15: 595 (A) the tax increment paid to the agency during the additional years is used to pay 596 some or all of the cost of the installation, construction, or reconstruction of: 597 (I) an interchange on I-15, whether or not the interchange is located within a project 598 area; or 599 (II) frontage and other roads connecting to the interchange, as determined by the 600 Department of Transportation created under Section 72-1-201 and the Transportation 601 Commission created under Section 72-1-301, whether or not the frontage or other road is 602 located within a project area; and 603 (B) the installation, construction, or reconstruction of the interchange or frontage and other roads has begun on or before June 30, 2002: 604 605 (ii) for an agency in a city of the first or second class: 606 (A) the tax increment paid to the agency during the additional years is used to pay 607 some or all of the cost of the land for and installation and construction of a recreational facility, 608 as defined in Section 59-12-702, or a cultural facility, including parking and infrastructure 609 improvements related to the recreational or cultural facility, whether or not the facility is 610 located within a project area; and 611 (B) the installation or construction of the recreational or cultural facility has begun on
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an agency may use tax increment received under Subsection (2) for any of the uses indicated in this Subsection [(3)]

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convention center or sports complex.

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615	<u>(5)</u> .
616	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection [(3)] (5)(a), a school district may not, without its
617	consent, receive less tax increment because of application of Subsection [(3)] (5)(a) than it
618	would have received without that subsection.
619	[(4)] (6) Unless the taxing entity committee consents, an agency may not be paid tax
620	increment from the project area for more than 25 years.
621	[(5)] (7) (a) A school district that levies a tax on property located within a project area
622	under an education housing development project area plan may elect not to allow the agency to
623	be paid tax increment from the property tax revenues generated by the school district.
624	(b) An election under Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{2}]$ $\frac{(7)}{(a)}$ shall be made in writing to the agency
625	before the taxing entity committee's approval of the project area budget.
626	(c) If a school district makes an election under this Subsection [(5): (i)] (7), the agency
627	may not be paid tax increment from property tax revenues generated by the school district[;
628	and] <u>.</u>
629	[(ii) the school district representatives and the State Board of Education representative
630	on the taxing entity committee may not vote on any matter concerning the education housing
631	development project area or project area budget.]
632	Section 9. Section 17B-4-1005 is amended to read:
633	17B-4-1005. Limitations on tax increment.
634	(1) (a) [Iff] For a project area plan adopted before July 1, 2004, if the development of
635	retail sales of goods is the primary objective of the project area, tax increment may not be paid
636	to or used by an agency unless a finding of blight is made under Part 6, Blight Determination in
637	Redevelopment Project Areas.
638	(b) (i) Incidental or subordinate development of retail sales of goods does not
639	disqualify an agency from receiving tax increment.
640	(ii) Incidental or subordinate development of retail sales of goods includes the
641	development of retail sales of goods resulting from the installation and construction of any
642	building, facility, structure, or other improvement of a publicly or privately owned convention

(2) For an economic development or education housing development project area plan

center or sports complex, including parking and infrastructure improvements related to the

646	adopted after June 30, 2004:
647	(a) tax increment may not be used to pay costs associated with private retail
648	development, except for costs associated with infrastructure improvements; and
649	(b) costs associated with developing housing within the same building as private retail
650	development are not treated as costs associated with the private retail development.
651	[(2)] (3) (a) An agency may not be paid any portion of a taxing entity's taxes resulting
652	from an increase in the taxing entity's tax rate that occurs after the taxing entity committee
653	approves the project area budget unless, at the time the taxing entity committee approves the
654	project area budget, the taxing entity committee approves payment of those increased taxes to
655	the agency.
656	(b) If the taxing entity committee does not approve of payment of the increased taxes to
657	the agency under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) (a), the county shall distribute to the taxing entity the
658	taxes attributable to the tax rate increase in the same manner as other property taxes.
659	Section 10. Section 17B-4-1007 is amended to read:
660	17B-4-1007. Allowable uses of tax increment.
661	(1) (a) An agency may use tax increment:
662	(i) for any of the purposes for which the use of tax increment is authorized under this
663	chapter;
664	(ii) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of:
665	(A) the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development in
666	the project area from which the tax increment funds were collected;
667	(B) housing expenditures, projects, or programs as provided in Section 17B-4-1009 or
668	17B-4-1010;
669	(C) with the consent of the community legislative body and subject to Subsection (4),
670	the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of infrastructure
671	improvements or any publicly owned building, facility, structure, landscaping, or other <u>publicly</u>
672	owned improvement within the project area from which the tax increment funds were
673	collected; and
674	(D) with the consent of the community legislative body and the taxing entity

committee, the cost of the installation of publicly owned utilities and access outside the project

area from which the tax increment funds were collected if the agency board and the community

- legislative body determine by resolution that the utilities and access are of benefit to the project area; or
 - (iii) for administrative, overhead, legal, and other operating expenses of the agency.
 - (b) The determination of the agency board and the community legislative body under Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(D) regarding benefit to the project area shall be final and conclusive.
 - (2) (a) An agency may contract with the community that created the agency or another public entity to use tax increment to reimburse the cost of items authorized by this chapter to be paid by the agency that have been or will be paid by the community or other public entity.
 - (b) If land has been or will be acquired or the cost of an improvement has been or will be paid by another public entity and the land or improvement has been or will be leased to the community, an agency may contract with and make reimbursement from tax increment funds to the community.
 - (3) An agency created by a city of the first or second class may use tax increment from one project area in another project area to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the cost of installation and construction of a publicly or privately owned convention center or sports complex or any building, facility, structure, or other improvement related to the convention center or sports complex, including parking and infrastructure improvements, if:
 - (a) construction on the convention center or sports complex or related building, facility, structure, or other improvement begins on or before June 30, 2002; and
 - (b) the tax increment is pledged to pay all or part of the value of the land for and the cost of the installation and construction of the convention center or sports complex or related building, facility, structure, or other improvement.
 - (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an agency may not use tax increment to construct municipal buildings, courts or other judicial buildings, or fire stations.
 - Section 11. Section **17B-4-1010** is amended to read:
 - 17B-4-1010. Income targeted housing -- Agency may use tax increment for income targeted housing.
 - (1) As used in this section:
- 705 (a) "Annual income" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S.
 706 Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 CFR, Part 813, as amended or as
 707 superseded by replacement regulations.

- (b) "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:
 - (i) for a city or town, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the city or town that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units; or
 - (ii) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units.
 - (c) "Family" has the meaning as defined under regulations of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 CFR, Part 813, as amended or as superseded by replacement regulations.
 - (d) "Housing funds" means the funds allocated [in the project area budget] to housing under Section 17B-4-504 [for the purposes provided in Subsection (2)].
 - (e) "Income targeted housing" means housing to be owned or occupied by a family whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual income for the county in which the housing is located.
 - (f) "Unincorporated" means not within a city or town.
 - (2) (a) Each agency shall use all <u>housing</u> funds [allocated for housing under this section] to:
 - (i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within the community that created the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area;
 - (ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the community that created the agency;
 - (iii) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure improvements, related to housing located in a project area where blight has been found to exist;
 - (iv) replace housing units lost as a result of the redevelopment, economic development, or education housing development;
 - (v) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
 - (A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides

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- 739 income targeted housing within the community; and
- 740 (B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes 741 stated in Subsection (2)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv); or
 - (vi) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
 - (A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
 - (B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the purposes stated in Subsection (2)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv).
 - (b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), an agency may pay all or any portion of housing funds to:
 - (i) the community for use as provided under Subsection (2)(a);
 - (ii) the housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community for use in providing income targeted housing within the community; or
 - (iii) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 7, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within the community.
 - (3) The agency or community shall separately account for the housing funds, together with all interest earned by the housing funds and all payments or repayments for loans, advances, or grants from the housing funds.
 - (4) In using housing funds under Subsection (2)(a), an agency may lend, grant, or contribute housing funds to a person, public body, housing authority, private entity or business, or nonprofit organization for use as provided in Subsection (2)(a).
 - (5) An agency may:
 - (a) issue bonds from time to time to finance a housing undertaking under this section, including the payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or preliminary loans; and
 - (b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection (5)(a) previously issued by the agency.
- 768 (6) (a) If an agency fails to provide housing funds in accordance with the project area 769 budget and, if applicable, the housing plan adopted under Subsection 17B-4-505(2), the loan

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770 fund board may bring legal action to compel the agency to provide the housing funds. 771 (b) In an action under Subsection (6)(a), the court: 772 (i) shall award the loan fund board a reasonable attorney's fee, unless the court finds 773 that the action was frivolous; and 774 (ii) may not award the agency its attorney's fees, unless the court finds that the action 775 was frivolous. 776 Section 12. Section **17B-4-1202** is amended to read: 777 17B-4-1202. Sources from which bonds may be made payable -- Agency powers 778 regarding bonds. 779 (1) The principal and interest on bonds issued by an agency may be made payable 780 from: 781 (a) the income and revenues of the projects financed with the proceeds of the bonds; 782 (b) the income and revenues of certain designated projects whether or not they were 783 financed in whole or in part with the proceeds of the bonds; 784 (c) the income, proceeds, revenues, property, and funds of the agency derived from or 785 held in connection with its undertaking and carrying out redevelopment, economic 786 development, or education housing development; 787 (d) tax increment funds payable to the agency; 788 (e) agency revenues generally; 789 (f) a contribution, loan, grant, or other financial assistance from the federal government 790 or a public entity in aid of redevelopment, economic development, or education housing 791 development; or 792 (g) funds derived from any combination of the methods listed in Subsections (1)(a) 793 through (f). 794 (2) In connection with the issuance of agency bonds, an agency may: 795 (a) pledge all or any part of its gross or net rents, fees, or revenues to which its right 796 then exists or may thereafter come into existence; 797 (b) encumber by mortgage, deed of trust, or otherwise all or any part of its real or 798 personal property, then owned or thereafter acquired; and

(c) make the covenants and take the action that may be necessary, convenient, or

desirable to secure its bonds, or, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, that will tend to

801	make the bonds more marketable, even though such covenants or actions are not specifically
802	enumerated in this chapter.
803	Section 13. Section 17B-4-1306 is amended to read:
804	17B-4-1306. County auditor report on project areas.
805	(1) (a) On or before March 31 of each year, the auditor of each county in which an
806	agency is located shall prepare a report on the project areas within each agency.
807	(b) The county auditor shall send a copy of each report under Subsection (1)(a) to the
808	agency that is the subject of the report, the State Tax Commission, the State Board of
809	Education, and each taxing entity that levies a tax on property from which the agency collects
810	tax increment.
811	(2) Each report under Subsection (1)(a) shall report:
812	(a) the total assessed property value within each project area for the previous tax year;
813	(b) the base taxable value of property within each project area for the previous tax year;
814	(c) the tax increment available to be paid to the agency for the previous tax year;
815	(d) the tax increment requested by the agency for the previous tax year; [and]
816	(e) the tax increment paid to the agency for the previous tax year[-]; and
817	(f) the tax increment paid to each taxing entity for the previous tax year.
818	(3) Within 30 days after a request by an agency, the State Tax Commission, the State
819	Board of Education, or any taxing entity that levies a tax on property from which the agency
820	receives tax increment, the county auditor or the county assessor shall provide access to:
821	(a) the county auditor's method and calculations used to make adjustments under
822	Section 17B-4-1006;
823	(b) the unequalized assessed valuation of an existing or proposed project area, or any
824	parcel or parcels within an existing or proposed project area, if the equalized assessed valuation
825	has not yet been determined for that year; [and]
826	(c) the most recent equalized assessed valuation of an existing or proposed project area
827	or any parcel or parcels within an existing or proposed project area; and
828	(d) the tax rate of each taxing entity adopted as of November 1 for the previous tax
829	year.
830	Section 14. Effective date.
831	This bill takes effect July 1, 2004, except that the definition of "school levy" in Section

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- 832 17B-4-102 and the amendments to Sections 17B-4-504, 17B-4-505, 17B-4-507, 17B-4-1001,
- 833 <u>17B-4-1002</u>, 17B-4-1004, 17B-4-1007, 17B-4-1010, 17B-4-1202, and 17B-4-1306 take effect
- 834 <u>July 1, 2005.</u>